

CONTINUING FOR ANOTHER WEEK

25 per cent off all

CHINA

This is an opportunity to get those odd pieces that you desire.

J. L. Acheson Hardware
EVERYTHING IN HARDWARE

I take orders for the following
Magazines

**SATURDAY EVENING POST
LADIES HOME JOURNAL
COUNTRY GENTLEMAN
GOOD HOUSEKEEPING
MACLEAN'S**

Chas. L. Dunford

PACIFIC COAST EXCURSIONS

VANCOUVER NEW WESTMINSTER VICTORIA

Wide choice of Routes embracing
Rail and Sea Trips

Travel through the Canadian Rockies
via Jasper National Park, Mount Rob-
son, or via the North Pacific Coast
Route to Vancouver and
Victoria, B.C., Seattle,
Portland, San Francisco
and Los Angeles.

Consult Local Agent of the
Canadian National Railways
for full particulars



**TICKETS
ON SALE**
Jan. 5, 7, 12, 14,
19, 21, 26
Feb. 4, 9
Good to Return
April 15th

Consult us about your

HARDWARE

Problems

Oyen Hardware Co., Ltd.

LEGAL NOTICES



**MORTGAGE SALE OF FARM
PROPERTY**
Pursuant to the directions of the
Registrar and by virtue of the Pow-
ers of Sale provided by The Land Tit-
les Act, under a certain mortgage,
which will be produced at the time
of sale.

There will be offered for sale by
Public Auction at the Post Office,
Oyen in the Province of Alberta on
Saturday, the 30th day of January,
1926 at the hour of 2 o'clock in the
afternoon, the following property
namely:

The west half of Section Twenty-
two (22) in Township Twenty-nine
(29), Range Two (2), West of the
Fourth Meridian.

Terms of sale to be 10 per cent
cash at time of the sale and the bal-
ance according to the terms and con-
ditions to be made known at the time
of sale or on application to the Ven-
dor's Solicitor.

The above property will be offered
for sale subject to a cleared reserve bid
and free from all encumbrances, save
Taxes for the current year.

The vendor is informed that the a-
bove property is situated about 10
miles from Sibbald and there is a good
water supply.

For further particulars and condi-
tions of sale, apply to WALTER S.
WOODS, District Superintendent for
Sibbald Settlement Board, Calgary,
Alberta.

Dated at Calgary, in the Province
of Alberta, this 3rd day of November,
A.D. 1925.

Approved: W. FORBES
Registrator
SYDNEY R. YALLANCE
Vendor's Solicitor

NOTICE

The partnership of Lee Dick and
Fred Lee in the Stampede Cafe, Oyen,
has been dissolved, and the business
is now owned and managed by Fred
Lee. All accounts owed by this busi-
ness will be paid by Fred Lee.
Dated at Oyen, January 12, 1926.

The Rapid Service Dry

ALL ITS NAME IMPLIES

Ed. Armitage, Prop.

Professional Cards

H.C. SWARTZLANDER
M.D.
Postgraduate Polyclinic Hospital
General Medicine Oyen
Phone 2 Oyen

W.D. McPHAIL
M.D., L.M.C.C.
Late of Winnipeg General Hospital
General Medicine - Surgery
Gentle urinary and rectal diseases.
Phone 59 Oyen

Dr. T. F. Holt
Dental Surgeon
Graduate of Toronto University
Office in Post Office Building
Out of Town Thursday, Friday
and Saturday

John F. Kerr
Veterinary Surgeon
Graduate of Ontario
Veterinary College.
Oyen, Alta

J. J. Kelly, L. L. B.
Barrister, Solicitor and
Notary Public
Money to Loan
Oyen, Alberta

W. V. Miller
Fire, Life, Accident, Automobile
and Rail Insurance
Representing
U. O. G. Securities Co. Ltd.
Manufacturers Life Insurance Co.
and other good companies.
Hudson Bay Company, Land Dept.
Notary Public

HANBY, FARM EXPERT

HERE JANUARY 25

J. G. Hanby, a farming ex-
pert, will address a public meet-
ing in Oyen Theatre on Mon-
day, January 25, at 7.30 p.m.
This meeting is held under the
auspices of the Calgary Herald
and Alberta Farmer, in the in-
terests of better farming and
a more prosperous province.
Mr. Hanby is hailed as one of
the foremost farming experts,
and his address, which will be
illustrated by motion pictures,
should prove both entertaining
and instructive. He will ad-
dress other meetings at Sibbald
Chinook, Youngstown and
other towns west. You are
cordially invited to attend.

Charles D. McMillan
Goes to Rosetown

Charles D. McMillan, man-
ager of the local branch of the
Bank of Toronto, for the past
four years left with Mr. Mc-
Millan and children, for Rose
town, Sask., this morning.

Mr. McMillan has many
friends in the district, who
view his departure with mixed
feelings, regret at losing him
and pleasure at his promotion.
Before coming here as man-
ager Mr. McMillan was manager
at Sibbald and LaFleche. He
is an "old timer" as far as Oyen
is concerned, having been on
the staff here in the early days,
when B. E. Kelly was manager.

In the social life of the town,
Mr. McMillan was a great a-
sset, and could always be
counted on to share the respon-
sibilities of any movement that
would benefit the community.
His friends join in wishing
him and his family, health,
happiness and success in his
new home and sphere of busi-
ness.

Village Council

The Village Council met at
the office of the Secretary-
Treasurer, on the night of Jan-
uary 9. All members present.
Matters respecting the village
were gone into in a general
way. F. C. Bliss, was appoint-
ed Secretary-Treasurer, Care-
taker, Fire Chief and Constable
at a salary of \$50.00 per month.

In the matter of Village Lic-
ences the following charges
were decided upon:

Dray License per an. \$30.00
Pool Room License \$30.00
Restaurant License \$25.00
Barn License \$20.00
Dog License, male \$1.00
Dog License, female \$2.00

Sittings of the District Court

At a Sittings of the District
Court, presided over by Judge
Stewart of Hanna, held in Oyen
yesterday, O. M. Olson, was
given 48 hours in the local goal
and ordered to pay all costs of
the case, and ordered to return
the grain, in an action brought
against him for theft of grain.
The case was one in which
the defendant unlawfully seized
grain from Elias Snyder in
payment of an account.

A farewell social for Mr.
and Mrs. C. D. McMillan and
Miss Beth Pfeiffer was given
by members of the Eastern
Star Lodge last Thursday. Dur-
ing the evening Mr. McMillan
was presented with a Fast
Worthy Patron's jewel.

Our Big Anniversary Sale

Opens JAN. 14 Closes JAN. 30

SEE BIG BILLS - BUT BETTER STILL
COME AND PARTAKE OF THE SAVINGS

To introduce Great West
Tea and Coffee, which we
know to be the best on the
market we quote Great West
Tea, per lb. 72c
Great West Coffee per lb. 64c



S. A. MILLER

Buy Advertised Goods

Quality Printing

Social, Personal
or Commercial

The Oyen News

Be Loyal to Your Community

Oyen Theatre

FRIDAY-SATURDAY, JANUARY 15-16

"The Code of the Wilderness"

The story of an eastern girl who inherits
a ranch in Mexico—and the experiences
she has before she gains happiness.
It is a picture you will enjoy.

MONDAY-TUESDAY, JANUARY 18-19

The Race Track Classic "GOLD HEELS"

Based on "Cheekers" by Henry Blossom Jr.

Comedy

"The Honeymoon Limited"

Show starts at 8 p.m.
Regular prices.

RED ROSE TEA

And because you like good things you'll like Red Rose.

Trade and War

The League of Nations is about to conduct an exhaustive inquiry into the subject of industry and commerce as they affect war. It is about time such an international probe be undertaken because there is a growing belief among the masses of people in all countries that many of the wars of the past have been deliberately instigated by industrial interests or by groups not engaged, not for broad national interests, but for selfish trade reasons and biases.

It is to be earnestly hoped that the proposed inquiry will include a study of the effect which protective tariff have not only on trade itself, but upon patriotic aspirations and feelings of the people of one country towards another. That is to say, the effect of the action of one nation in imposing a tariff tariff wall against the products of another upon the sense of national identity and feeling between the two countries. We venture the opinion that if all international trade was free and unobstructed by any man-made artificial barriers, there would be fewer prejudices, suspicions, and jealousies, leading to ill-feeling and in some cases wars between nations.

No two national groups in the world are closer together in thought, sentiment and ideals than the United States of America and the British Commonwealth of Nations. They have lived in peace with each other for over one hundred years, and where United States and British territory join, not a foot of hostile ground is to be seen. Yet even and even friction arises and in nearly every instance some petty industrial or commercial question is at issue.

For example, at the present time a great howl-do is being raised in the United States because of the high price of raw rubber, of which about three quarters of the world's supply is raised within the British Empire. On the other hand, the United States consumes about the same quantity. During the war, the price of crude rubber ranged about fifty cents a pound. Following the war the price dropped to around seventeen cents, which was not profitable production. To remedy this condition a special type of export tax was devised to reduce production. It was so arranged as to discourage production during periods of high prices and to encourage a fair and stable price in the market. The measure went into effect in 1922 and last year the effects began to be felt, rubber being in price around \$1.00 a pound.

The big United States automobile manufacturers and other large users of rubber are bitterly complained and charge the British with an unfair trade policy. Some very severe things are being said against the British authorities and much anti-British feeling is being engendered. The United States Government and Congress are taking official cognizance of the situation. Not only so, but dire threats are being made as to United States action should Canada, in its own national interests, and it is necessary to impose an export duty on pulpwood and pulp. All kinds of retaliatory measures are threatened.

The United States constitution prohibits the imposition of export taxes, but the United States has for years maintained the highest protective tariff on imports known to the world, a tariff which amounts in many cases to a total prohibition of imports. Canada and Great Britain are the chief sources of these protective tariffs. They operate to close the United States markets—our natural market—to Canada's cattle and wheat, but while Canada's markets are closed, it is not so with the United States. It is not so with the United States. It is not so with the United States. It is not so with the United States.

During the war, Great Britain borrowed billions of dollars from the United States, but it expended every dollar in the purchase of goods in that country, paying nothing without the very high prices charged in the States. Thus the United States became financially prosperous and wealthy while Britain was impoverished. And Britain was obliged to do this, not for her self alone, but to sustain France and her other allies. But Britain did not complain.

The absurdity and inconsistency of the United States position is seen, however, in that, while denouncing the British action in regard to crude rubber, proposals are now before the United States Government and Congress to adopt exactly the same principle in order to raise United States agricultural and of the dairies. About 15 per cent. of United States farm products are sold abroad. That is the source of production over domestic consumption. To sell the entire crop, prices have to be paid to the foreign land, and this level is frequently below the cost of production. Hence the farmers have suffered.

As long as foreign prices remain below United States cost of production, the only way farmers there can be made profitable is to sell on produce abroad. This means curtailed production for the time being. Just what the British brought about in the case of crude rubber, unless some similar action is taken to curtail farm production in the United States to the requirements of the home market, the only way to curtail production is by farming to continue unprofitable. It is proposed, therefore, that the United States should set prices, but if the Government should do this, without the assistance of the British plan, it would be to the detriment of the farmer, who would be increased, rather than decreased, production, and the problem of the surplus would become worse and worse.

Men made a fatal blunder when they undertook to interfere with the economic law of supply and demand and sought to restrict and control international trade by the expedients of tariff walls. It has resulted in trouble and dissatisfaction at home, and international ill-will abroad. Perhaps the League of Nations inquiry will result in some helpful suggestions, even though a complete solution may not be possible.

The pelagic aquaria of the Duke of Bedford houses a European eel, fast which, though more than 50 years old, shows no sign of weariness. It is understood that the British eel is the only one of its kind in the world, and it is being kept at the Duke's residence at Sandringham, in the Queen Charlotte Islands.

Children Cry for



MOTHERS: Fletcher's Castor Oil is a pleasant, harmless Substitute for Castor Oil. Purgative, Teething Drops and Soothing Syrup, especially prepared for Infants in arms and Children all ages.

To avoid imitations, always look for the signature of *Dr. J. C. Williams*. Proves directions on each package. Physicians everywhere recommend.

May Find Cure For Paralysis

Chicago Doctor Says Spine May Be Patched Up

Probability that a cure for paralysis may be found was seen in experiments described by Dr. H. W. Gerard, University of Chicago, at the closing session of the convention of the Federation of American Societies for Experimental Biology at Cleveland, Ohio. Incurable paralysis invariably develops in humans after the spinal cord has been severed, Mr. Gerard said. He has hopes that a human spinal cord may be mended, possibly by patches.

"DIAMOND DYE" ANY

GARMENT, DRAPERY Just Dip to Tint or Boil to Dye

Each 15-cent package contains directions so simple and so simple that even the most delicate shades of dye rich, permanent colors in the garment, silk, ribbons, skirts, waists, dresses, coats, stockings, sweaters, draperies, coverings, hangings—everything! Buy Diamond Dye—no other kind—will tell you where to buy it. It is a dye that you can use to color your wool or silk, or whether it is linen, cotton or mixed goods.

Poor Law Reform

Plan to Abolish Board of Guardians in Britain

Abolition of the boards of guardians, whose principal functions are concerned with poor law relief, and transfer of their powers to county or borough councils, is proposed in a scheme drawn up by the British Ministry of Health. The proposals form part of the policy of social reform and co-ordination of all forms of public assistance. Transference of the duties of the boards of guardians to county or borough councils is also proposed in the scheme.

TO THE MOTHERS OF ALL PALE GIRLS

If Your Daughter Shows Signs of Anemia a Tonic Is Needed

Anemia is simply a lack of blood. It is one of the most common and at the same time most dangerous ailments to which young girls are subject. It is common because the blood is often become impoverished by development, when girls often are weak and thin. It is dangerous because of the staleness of its approach and because of its tendency to grow steadily worse. Ever-growing girls should occasionally take a tonic to ward off their physical troubles. It is because of their physical weakness and the operation of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have made a worldwide reputation. The case of Miss Claire Sullivan, of Pincher Creek, Alberta, simply proves the value of this medicine. Miss Sullivan says: "During my school days I suffered a great deal from thin and weak blood. I was continually weak and tired; my appetite was poor, and I was often sick. My health was troubled with headaches. To make matters worse I was attacked with acute appendicitis and the operation left me in a very weakened state. My mother, learning of the value of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, had me take them after being told for some time I can say the result was simply wonderful, as my health was completely restored. I am now strong and healthy again. I always recommended these pills to weak, pale girls suffering as I did."

You can get the pills from your druggist, or by mail at 50¢ a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Springfield, Vt.

Sugar Beets in Manitoba

Brandon District Will Have Test Plots Set Out This Year

Tests conducted at the Manitoba Agricultural College and at the plant of the American Beet Sugar Company, at Grand Forks, N.D., of the sugar beets grown in the vicinity of Brandon in 1925, have shown favorable results. A larger programme in beet testing will be carried out in 1926 by the Brandon Board of trade in conjunction with the horticultural society and from fifty to one hundred plots will be set out throughout the district.

Says Leprosy Can Be Cured

Nearly half the cases of leprosy which have not passed the six-month stage can be cured by the use of chaulmoigric oil, according to Dr. Roger Adams, of the University of Illinois.

"How's crops, Sir?"

"Apples is small this year, with worm holes bigger'n your fist in 'em."

Minard's Liniment for Grippes

Helps Children Grow SCOTT'S EMULSION

RICH IN COD-LIVER OIL AND HEALTH-GIVING VITAMINS

Past Year Prosperous For Canadian National

Freight and Passenger Traffic Have Both Shown Increase

Having completed the transition from a period of operating deficits to one where the lines in the western region have earned operating profits for the company, the calendar year 1925 will go down to history as a successful one for the Canadian National Railways in Western Canada, declared Mr. W. A. Kingland, general manager of western lines, in an interview at Winnipeg. Freight and passenger traffic, express and telegraph business alike have shown increases, and operating costs have been reduced by careful pricing until the annual figures, which will be issued from system headquarters in Montreal shortly, will show an operating profit for the lines contained in the western region, which stretches from Armstrong, Ont., at the head of the lakes, to the Pacific coast. While a large part of the increase over 1924 business is due to the increased yield of grain in the prairie provinces, there has also been an increase in other commodities handled by the Canadian National as well as great increase in the passenger traffic over the western lines.

Indications at the present time are that still better times are ahead in 1926, as all signs point to a continued increase in business in the west and to a greatly increased immigration movement which, of course, will show an operating profit for the lines during the coming year. Plans for handling this prospective increased business are continually before the Canadian National Railway executive and continual thought is given to methods whereby any improvement in the transportation service to the public can be made.

Powerful Medicine.—The healing properties in six capsules of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, forming one of the most beneficial medicines ever offered to the use of man. Many can prove it. It has been used by thousands and many more can testify that they use their health to it. Its wonderful power is not expressed by the price at which it sells.

Trade With South Africa

Canada Supplies Ninety Per Cent. of Needs of That Country

Prospects for additional trade between Canada and South Africa are promising in the opinion of Eric M. Pike, of the West-Canadian Pulp and Paper Company, who has just returned from South Africa after spending two years studying conditions there. A source that will give a plentiful supply of newsprint paper at low cost has been found by the forest products laboratory of the University of Wisconsin.

She Could Never Do The Things Did

J. J. Ross, Boulder, Alta., writes: "I am now twenty years old, but have suffered from heart palpitation and nerve trouble for several years."

I could never do the things other girls did, that is, in the line of sports, skating, etc., and could never depend on myself at work.

About six months ago I began taking

MILBURN'S HEART NERVE PILLS

and am just twice the girl I was. I can enjoy everything I want to do so much more. I am very grateful for what these pills have done for me."

Put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Chicago, Toronto, Ont.

The largest water reservoir in the world has been completed in London. It contains enough water to float a fleet of the largest battle ships.

Stop Falling Hair!

Rub the scalp four times a week with **Minard's**. It removes dandruff and promotes the growth of hair.

MINARD'S ANTIMONY

An Essex couple recently made their own home, the bedroom even made the furniture.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

JANUARY 17

JESUS AND NICODEMUS

Golden Text: God so loved the world, that he gave His only begotten Son, that whosoever believeth in Him should not perish, but have eternal life. Lesson: John 3:1-17; 14:5-21; 15:3-16.

Devotional Reading: John 3:1-36.

Explanations and Comments

Nicodemus came to Jesus seven times. Nicodemus was a Jew with a Greek name. He was a Pharisee, a member of that sect which as a rule appears in the Gospels as bigoted and hypocritical, and a ruler of the Jews, a member of the Sanhedrin, the council of seventy men who formed the highest Court of Justice. He appeared later as a defender of Jesus (John 7:52). After the crucifixion he brought myrrer and aloes for the embalming of Christ's body. It was at night that Nicodemus made his famous visit to Jesus. He was cautious and probably did not wish to endanger his reputation by being seen with the new rabbi. (We are told that later some even of the Sanhedrin believed in Jesus, but did not dare let it be known lest they be put out of the Synagogue, John 12:42.)

Nicodemus said to Jesus, "We know that thou art a teacher come from God; for no one can do these signs that thou doest unless thou be from God." Nicodemus was convinced that Jesus was a divinely-commissioned Teacher, that Jesus' teaching was perfectly in harmony with his mission, and he came to hear what Jesus had to teach.

Will Link Empire With Air Service

Former Air Secretary Predicts This Will Come Early

That nations within the British empire would be closely linked by air transport systems within the near future was the opinion expressed by Lord Thomson, who was secretary of state for air in the British Labor Government, in a statement given to the House of Commons. Lord Thomson is a firm believer in airships particularly.

"I feel sure the time is coming when it will be linked by air with the Motherland," he said.

Canada should be an advantageous country for the development of commercial aviation, Lord Thomson thought. With such a vast territory he believed that a commercial system here would be a paying proposition. He also expressed the opinion that Canada could do much in the development of a link in the imperial chain. Lord Thomson is proceeding to England after completing a lecture tour in the United States.

No man or woman should hobnob painfully about because of corns when they can be relieved at hand as **Hollister's Corn Remedy**.

Hope To Reduce Cost Of Paper

May Use Eucalyptus Wood For Newsprint in United States

A source that will give a plentiful supply of newsprint paper at low cost has been found by the forest products laboratory of the University of Wisconsin.

Successful experiments, conducted by the laboratory, have resulted in the production of paper from eucalyptus wood grown in San Paulo, Brazil. A small roll run through the press of a newspaper showed favorable printing quality and ample strength for use in high-speed presses, experimenters say. The paper can be produced at about half the cost of the present imported newsprint, the laboratory estimated.

Sun Spots May Not Affect Weather

Experts at the Toronto Meteorological office doubt very much if the spots on the sun have any effect on the weather.

W. M. Jackson, local astronomical expert, said he was looking at the sun and saw two magnificent groups of sun spots. "You could drop a baseball into the corner of either one of them," he declared. There were 64 spots in one group alone. He said it did not seem likely that they would have any effect on the weather, but he added that it was a matter of opinion. He said the sun spots had no weather changes.

Prince A Licensed Physician

The Prince of Wales became licensed to practice medicine, midwifery and surgery when he was licensed at York House with the unique distinction of an honorary diploma of the Ancient and Honorable Society of Apothecaries. He is the only honorary member.

The chaperons of Mother Graves' Women's Estomach put it within reach of all, and it can be got at any drug store.

The more you stir up a plate of soup the hotter it becomes—and you'll find it's the same way with your friends.

An Essex couple recently made their own home, the bedroom even made the furniture.

Minard's Liniment for frostbites

SOOTHING

Sam Buck

The Best HEALER

Money Can Buy!

See how it does it.

See how it does it.

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Canada's Wheat Raising Farms

What is the Principal Crop on Over Half of Farms in the Dominion. According to a bulletin of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics, out of 717,000 farms in Canada in 1913, 381,265 reported the raising of wheat. This means that nearly 54 per cent of the farms in the Dominion may be regarded as being devoted to the raising of wheat as a principal crop. The wheat crop in 1913 covered 20,767,000 acres of the 32,292,961 acres in grain of all kinds, and out of 6,640,682 acres in field crops of all kinds. While certain farms producing wheat would fall within the main farming classification, in general the raising of wheat may be regarded as the criterion of the number of relative importance of grain growing farms in the whole agricultural industry in Canada.

According to number of farms rearing the growing of wheat, the provinces rank as follows: Saskatchewan, Ontario, Alberta, Quebec, Manitoba, Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and British Columbia. The eastern provinces raise wheat do so in great part for consumption on the farm; the transportation of Canada's enormous wheat crop from the threshing field to town elevators is therefore a present-day problem of Canada, more economically important in the wheat-raising regions.

Kipling Is Possibly Right

Western Mind Cannot Hope to Understand Oriental Methods. Tortuous as has been the course of the Turkish Government and diplomats in connection with the Mosul boundary dispute, and extremely difficult to the occidental mind unfamiliar with Oriental ways, it is hardly probable that the second world war will be the result of a misunderstanding of the League of Nations have been greatly surprised at it. Not if they have had personal experience in negotiation. The British recently published memoirs Lord Grey quoted an amusing and pregnant remark made to him by Lord Cromer, who, as British high commissioner in Egypt for many years, had had cause to study Oriental psychology and methods. In discussing the probable course to be taken by Abdul Hamid, the Turkish Sultan, on a certain question of importance, Lord Cromer said that in dealing with an Oriental and desiring to know what he would do in certain circumstances, one should ask himself three questions: "What would the questioner himself do in like circumstances, what would be done by the witness he knew, and what did he think the Oriental would be likely to do. And having asked these questions, said Lord Cromer, three things could be considered: first, that it could be the Oriental would do the opposite of what he would do; second, that there is a chance of a basis of truth in Kipling's most ridiculed saying about the impossibility of east and west ever meeting.—Hampshire Herald.

Ugly Island Mars Harbor of Sydney

Has Grosseous History As Prison Spot for Early Days. In the beautiful harbor of Sydney, Australia, there is a rocky islet that forms the one ugly touch to the whole place. It is a broken-down little cove in which small boats are beached. Large boats give it a wide berth because of its rocky sides. It has a mud-colored, honeycomb look and a crumbling building on its uneven top does not improve its appearance. It has a gruesome history as a prison spot where prisoners are said to have starved to death in olden days in cells down in the rock.

Victims on ships from the north who have seen the "Flower Spout" near the harbor of Poughkeepsie, N.Y., wonder why this islet in Sydney harbor is not covered with a carpet of green, flowering shrubs and vines so that it may be made into a similar gem of beauty.—Inverness Independent.

British Columbia Money

According to government figures, the British Columbia money crop is estimated at \$38,315 pounds for 1925, which at an average price of 43 cents a pound gives a value of \$16,500,000. To this must be added the yield of 9,500 pounds of hops, which at 60 cents a pound is worth \$5,700, making a total of \$22,200 for the season's crop.

An optometrist is one who treats to look to borrow an umbrella, a pundit is one who carries the umbrella, the optometrist borrows.

Perished one good guy to swell Canada's population would be about weekends for autists.

W. N. L. 1911

Manitoba Menaced By Rats

Serious Damage Has Been Done to Grain in Stacks and Storage

Manitoba is menaced by a veritable rat plague, and, according to reports, the fields are so badly infested in certain localities as to cause alarm. While the provincial department of agriculture has information of serious damage by rats and mice to grain in stacks and storage, the situation so far has not reached the stage where removal of the "rat virus" campaign of a few years ago is regarded as necessary by the authorities. Measures, however, are being taken in affected areas to eradicate the destructive pest.

Manitoba has no native rats, authorities point out, except, of course, the muskrat. All the rats in the province have come in during the past twenty years, chiefly from the United States.

The United States department of agriculture, according to Professor Jackson, estimates that there are 250,000,000 rats in that country, and that they cost the nation \$200,000,000 a year—that is the equivalent of 200,000 farms or 200,000 families for the rate. Rats have been known to attack live animals, and rat plagues have been a result of having holes eaten in them. The rodents occasionally gnaw the hoofs of horses until they bleed.

Excepting under unusual conditions, an actual plague of rats in Western Canada is regarded as improbable, says Prof. Jackson. Deep snow traps the rats and unless they are situated as to food and drink during the winter months, his numbers are greatly reduced. When food runs short, rats die of their young and other causes.

May Establish Flying Station

Former U. S. Flying Officer in Manitoba Atmospheric Conditions in Manitoba Are Ideal

That it was strictly probable, as an experimental flying station, on a commercial scale, would be located in Winnipeg following research tests in atmospheric conditions which he was at present making here, was the former pilot by W. H. Gilbo, a former United States army aviator who is looking for British and United States financial interests.

Mr. Gilbo, who is residing at "Georgetown," said that, after a series of tests, which he was carrying out, had proved that the air of this part of the province and especially near the shore part was absolutely ideal for flying.

"It is almost perfect atmosphere here," said Mr. Gilbo, "and, in fact, my research work has shown me that the air here is more fitted for flying than that of any other part of the world. For this reason I am thinking that it is almost certain the interests of the United States and Canada in this respect will establish an experimental station. I have avoided making any premature statements; but I do not mind saying that it is strongly probable we shall establish here."—Manitoba Free Press.

A Tragedy Of Winter

When People Perish From Cold In Near Southern Climes

Chicago, Ontario and New York are the three corners of a triangle within whose borders thirty people died from the cold on Sunday and Monday. The same triangle in the continent of newspapers which periodical in the decision that their readers lack in a climate of exceeding mildness and that the prairie country is a blizzard-swept region where people freeze to death every winter and in considerable numbers.

The fact is that more people die of cold in the basin of the Great Lakes and their connecting streams than perish from frost on the western plains. And that despite the condition that the basin of the Great Lakes is a country of dense population and short distances, while the scattered people in the prairie provinces are far from their distant unknown to their eastern contemporaries.—St. Louis Bulletin.

Not Precipitous In Golf

One of the most prominent elegants in Canada, the Hon. Mr. Macdonald, was asked how much to do with the Union of Churches in the Dominion, tells an amusing story. "The Prince of Wales," he said, "was in Canada when his brother, the Duke of York, played golf. When he plays," replied the Prince, "I am the greatest of golfers." "You have to respect the place,"—London Daily Express.

The Worst Yet

She: "I wonder if you remember me?" Twenty years ago you asked me to marry you. He: "Remembered?" "Ah, yes, and did it."

If he folds him carefully, you may assume that he speaks carefully.

Hard On British Taxpayer

Burden of Paying War Debt Falls On Individual

Great Britain paid \$950,000,000 to the United States in gold, being interest and part payment of her war debt, nearly five billions to that country. If Britain had the money which was put up to stiffen the backs of her Allies in the Great War, she would have about nine billion dollars to her credit. Even so, she would be unable to pay her obligations, Britain would still have seven billions to the good. The United States debt in that case would cause no worry to the British taxpayer. It is an heroic struggle the Old Lady putting up, paying the other fellow's debts. And it all falls upon the individual taxpayer. The British currency is on a gold basis, and the credit of the country is unimpaired.

After all, it must be a very gloomy person who can see retrogression, disintegration and a general breakup of the British empire, when the Mother Country can present a clean slate to the rest of the world. And the great Britain is a state reared upon the chariot wheels of the individual. In British patriotism means self-sacrifice. Not otherwise could John Bull maintain such a stout heart and sound constitution.—St. Catharines Standard.

Free Control From Dog

Trap of Squirrels Force Animal to Release Intended Victim

Chattering their battle cry, "All for one and one for all," four squirrels attacked a brown house dog that had invaded the sacred precincts of their den in Harvard Yard and jumped on him. They hit him so severely that he had to be taken to a hospital for treatment to a badly lacerated head and a broken leg.

This being caught a squirrel napped and attacked the little ball of fur. The squirrel's wild chattering brought instant aid from a crowd of trees, and four and four broke streaks dashed to the comrade in trouble. In a second the dog was desperately wounded. He was unable to hold on to his intended victim and tried to turn his attention to the four blizzards of fur. He was unable to do so. With the release of the comrade, all seemed back to their usual state, and the dog lay on his side, breathing his last. The squirrel, Joseph P. Doherty, carried the dog to the hospital, and the dog was released, perished in his last breath.

Building A Fortune

Hours Misspent in Youth Can Never Be Recaptured

Man is the builder of his own fortune. The mark he sets is the plan by which he will work and the blocks with which he will build are the hours of day. An hour mispent today is a block mislaid which must be torn out tomorrow and replaced. On the other hand, an hour improved today is a block laid true and true that may be forgotten today but will stand the ravages of the storm and leave the tomorrow for other blocks.

The time allotted to man in which to complete his building is short. Age is the taskmaster sweeping down upon the worker tiling with mislaid blocks. Men who mislead their hours of youth to idle and dissipation find tulle haste to acquire a protective roof over their declining years. Not so with the man who makes every hour count in his building plan. His walls shall defy the blast of old age.—Montreal Herald.

Good For Business

A clever chess box dealer has a quaint canopied circular stand, in the form of a merry-go-round, in the back of his store. It is fitted with animal slots like a merry-go-round, and child customers take great delight in sitting in these seats while their shoes are fitted. It brings a great deal of custom from families where there are children.

Proved Himself Guilty. A libelous lady, being brought to court, charged with libel, upon her neighbor, pleaded not guilty. The prosecutor asked for proof, and she said: "I am not guilty, my neighbor, but I will show you why you committed this offense."

"I will show you the defendant's body," she said, "I had my own reasons."

Realisation

She: "What was the realization of women who instate men?" He: "They're idiots!" She: "Then the initiation is successful?"

But why improve your mind with books if it merely enables you to enjoy dirt books?

A girl can't necessarily be an angel because she is Righty.

Dairying In Northern Ontario

Pure-Bred Cows Give a Profit of \$200 Per Year

In Northern Ontario even as far back as the nascent railway era, dairymen have been successful in raising practically all the crops available for feeding dairy cattle to feed. Red clover provides excellent summer pasture and winter hay, and such excellent silage crops as alfalfa and a mixture of oats, peas and vetches give good yields with ordinary farm cultivation. These are the main roughage crops used at the Kapuskasing experimental station for the milking herd. The station has a herd of pure-bred and grade Ayrshires. From these foods with a grain ration the herd gave an average of about 7,000 lbs. of milk testing about 4 per cent of fat. Charging up the feed used at market prices and labor of attention on a cost basis the cows of pure breeding gave a profit of \$200 and of grades \$175 per head for the year.

Legal Sign Among Ambians

In Eastern Countries Umbrella Signifies Rich and Power

An umbrella is a highly valued thing. We use it to shelter us from the rain and after it has done so very nicely, we stand in the bathtub to dry, or on the porch. But in eastern countries, even now, and from earliest times, the umbrella signified rank and power. On a European royal court, the umbrella of a monarch or a prince or a duke or a count or a lord was a symbol of their rank. The umbrella signified rank and power. On a European royal court, the umbrella of a monarch or a prince or a duke or a count or a lord was a symbol of their rank. The umbrella signified rank and power. On a European royal court, the umbrella of a monarch or a prince or a duke or a count or a lord was a symbol of their rank.

Hard Work Makes Men Stronger

Thrift and Industry

The late Thomas P. Mott, of Detroit, the asbestos king, believed that young men, whether rich or poor, ought to be made to work hard. He said that a dinner in New York, "but hard work makes a man strong and clean, while idleness makes a man weak and dirty. A boy mused the morning after Christmas."

"It's a queer thing," he once said at a dinner in New York, "but hard work makes a man strong and clean, while idleness makes a man weak and dirty. A boy mused the morning after Christmas."

Matter Worth Considering

Canadians Pay Out Millions Annually For U. S. Magazines

Over one hundred and fifty magazines, published and printed in the United States, are sold in Canada. These publications have a total circulation of approximately twenty-five million copies per annum. They are sold in Canada by the same agents as in the United States, directing the opinions of its people, reflecting the minds of readers along United States channels of thought, and advertising goods of that country to our own people. It is estimated that twenty million pounds of paper come into Canada annually in the form of United States magazines, and that if these magazines were printed in Canada ten million dollars would be added annually to the printing and publishing trade.

Radio As Purifier Of Speech

Robert Briggs, the best known of England, says in radio broadcasting an agency for purifying English speech. This work demands a high standard of utterance and he feels that with wider development of the radio and broadcasters taking greater pains, an "improved" body of English would be the result. He says that he has heard many words properly used and the result will be that there will be more correctly spoken English than there would have been had radio not been developed.

Pulls On The Road

When that old familiar hymn, "Pur the in peril on the sea," was sung in one of the towns churches the other day, one of the hymn singers remarked that there should be a revised version, "For those in peril on the road." Quite right, as there are more perils today than ever. The hymn is on the sea, and the danger is on the road.

Corrected Again

Correct pronunciation is sometimes more important than it seems. A Worcester policeman arrested a man for driving a "coop" in such a way as to obstruct traffic. "Discharged," said the judge. "There is no such thing as a 'coop' on wheels."—Fountain's Companion.

"Shall I buy flowers for my girl or a bouquet for my girl?" "Buy the flowers. She'll invite you to dinner."

Prevention Should Be Easy

Teaching Youth Responsibility and Self-Discipline Would Lessen Crime

To become a burglar or highwayman at 17 years of age or a youth does not take a reputation for himself as a school of crime, as did Oliver Twist. All that is necessary for that to be given all the credit for when a young man is a burglar or a highwayman, all he demands and grabs when a youth and all he throws into as young man. Give him no credit, but let him be a burglar or a highwayman, and he is graduated into crime as naturally as a tadpole is into a frog.

Then give him the wide-open world to big wealth lying around while they reach on bank counters and in cash registers, the key in the form of a cheap pistol and explosives, whetted wheels with which to fly away with the loot and the stage is set for a harvest of crime.

Explanation Is Simple

How British Captain Was Able To Find Weary Soldiers

A puzzle long standing has been solved. One of the divisions of the British army during the anxious days on the Somme was Capt. Cox, a man who at Victoria Cross was a man of extraordinary display of bravery. Capt. Cox was an adjutant for some time, stationed at a junction of roads where a group of soldiers coming from the line had to pass and often linger for many hours. The whole army knew him as a good soldier, and that for a perfectly good reason. Capt. Cox was always, night or day, rain or shine, a warm star for weary soldiers. He was always the first to see a soldier who had passed by or a whole brigade. Cox always had enough to warm the cookies of their hearts, and more. When he met the men, he would say: "That's a pretty sight. What that's a pretty sight?" It was a question too deeply, under the stress of circumstances, to be answered.

Makes Study Of Horticulture

Jack Miner Has Interests Apart From Football

It is true that Jack Miner's fame as a ball-player has spread abroad, attracting as it has thousands of birds and bees to his bird sanctuary. But there is one branch of his work which has only been touched on by a few, namely, his investigation of tree and plant growth.

While his primary consists of but thirty acres, only three of these are devoted to the raising of fruit. The balance is reforested and planted with flowers and shrubs, on the growth of which the naturalist has done considerable experimental work. So much appreciated has Jack Miner's study of tree been, that the government officials of the United States have offered him a handsome salary to tour the States, lecturing on the methods and value of reforestation to the people. Officials from both Canada and the United States visit the Miner property annually to see the plant growth there.

French Foreign Legion Provides Men To Meet Every Emergency

It is the boast of the French Foreign Legion on which is falling the brunt of the campaign against the Huns and it can provide men from its ranks to meet any emergency. Its commander once said that his men were capable not only of winning a war, but of winning it. In one occasion, when a new barracks was being erected, the legion ranks supplied half a dozen qualified architects, and time and again on the battlefield, when the call has been for doctors, Legionnaires have stepped forward and acknowledged their medical qualifications. Once, as tradition, when no padre was available to conduct a burial, the commandant appeared, and the ranks were ordered forward and saluted. He had once been a bishop.

Lifeboat Crew Rescues Canary

An English lifeboat crew under a special trip in a wrecked steamer in order to save the life of a canary which had been forgotten in one of the cabins.

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English Language Spoken By 170,000,000 People And Is Now Becoming Universal

Dr. G. H. H. shows which way the wind blows, and a recent incident in Vienna is one of many signs indicating that the English tongue is rapidly becoming the language of the future. It appears that last year the teaching of English by radio was started in Vienna, with some success. Possibly as an outcome of this a decree has now been issued by the ministry of "Education recommending English as a compulsory modern language in the higher school grades, costing in large measure French and Italian.

The English vocabulary is an enormous one. It contains some half-million words, and is one of the most comprehensive that ever existed. In this also it differs from the other languages. There are to be found the verbal conceptions of many nations, especially those of the Romance, Hebrew, Russian, Greek, Hindustani, Chinese, Latin, German, Celtic, Saxon, Danish, French, Spanish, Italian. It is said that on the evidence of words alone it would be impossible to classify English with any other of the languages; yet in the few remains of grammar in English there is a trifling evidence that it is a branch of the Aryan family.

The causes of the heterogeneity of the language are to be found in the history of the race—in the early invasions of Britain, in the centuries, and its growth as a world power, while its suitability as a universal tongue, arises largely from the geographical scattering of the domains of the far-flung empire, one result of which is that the English tongue is already known in almost every corner of the globe. Apart from the geographical diffusion of the language, a conservative estimate places the number of those speaking it at approximately 170,000,000 leaving all European peoples far behind.

In all its history, the action of Vienna appears to be far-sighted; it thought out and wholly in line with the march of events and the probable needs of the future—Christian Science Monitor.

Saskatchewan Clydesdales

This Western Province Is Famed For Leadership In Celebrated Breed of Horses

Saskatchewan is today almost as much the undisputed Clydesdale country of this state of the world as Scotland is across the ocean. Through a fortunate combination of circumstances the University of Saskatchewan came into possession of some of the finest Clydesdales breeding stock in the entire world at the same time that the original breeders throughout the province were building up "stud farms." The whinnies of this province at Toronto and Chicago were not acquired in England and American breeders in Saskatchewan have done very well indeed at the national and international shows, but there are so many more Clydes in Saskatchewan than of either of the other outstanding specimens of the great Scottish breed that the leadership claimed by the province should be maintained—Saskatchewan Farmer.

Where Canadian Flour Goes

Is Penetrating the Four of the Way Places of the World. The extent to which Canadian flour is penetrating to the more or of the way places of the world is shown by official figures giving exports for the last full crop. In that period Greenland had 2,671 bushels of Canadian flour; Brazil 1,011, Honduras 5,820, New Zealand 237, Pakistan 4,217, Peru 1,627, Portuguese Africa 10,015, Spanish Africa 2,372, the Philippines Islands 2,626, and Venezuela 10,001. Sixty-eight per cent of the dependences figured in the last of direct purchasers of Canadian flour in that crop year.

This Is Awful

"He (pleadingly): 'That you have more out with some looking guys than me, haven't you?'
She: (No answer)
He: (Sighing) 'I say, haven't you gone out with some more looking guys than me?'
She: 'I heard you the first time, I'm afraid to think.'"

The Newest Thing

He: "I want to buy some land."
Grocer: "Pah!"
Lady: "I didn't know it came in two packages."

The Turks have such a dread of the number 13 that they seldom mention it.

W. N. U. 1011

Grading Of Dairy Produce

An Act Regulating Produce Intended For Export To Come Into Force. An act to regulate the grading of dairy produce will come into effect on Feb. 1, 1926.

This act is originally passed empowers the government to council to make regulations:

- (a) For the grading of dairy produce intended for export;
- (b) For the establishment or designation of grading stations;
- (c) For the issuing of graders' certificates;
- (d) For the special marking by manufacturers of packages of dairy produce intended to be graded;
- (e) For the establishment of standards, definitions and grades for dairy produce;
- (f) For the imposition of fees for the grading of dairy produce.

At the last session of parliament an amendment to the act was passed known as (g) for refusing to grade dairy produce and for withholding grade certificates.

The government-in-council may prescribe the particular kinds of dairy produce to which the act shall apply and the act will be enforced. Regulations may be provided for an appeal to the minister of agriculture and food from the decision of a dairy produce grader. For violations of regulations to be made under the act, a fine of not more than \$200 or not less than \$50, or imprisonment for not more than three months, may be imposed.

The special regulations to be made by the government-in-council will, in all probability, be announced as soon as the act referred to above comes into effect.

Canada's Paper Industry

Wide Market Is Opening For Canadian Book and Writing Paper. While Canadian newspaper has been enjoying the world's paper market, the higher grades of Canadian paper have been more slowly securing a foothold. Canadian book and writing papers are now being shipped to Mexico, New Zealand, Australia, China, Japan and other countries in general. The United States market is being established and connections made in these outside markets, which will lead to a very considerable export trade.

Greek Children Grateful

Thirteen Year Old Boys, who were sent by 5,000 members of the Greek Junior Red Cross to that number of American homes on Christmas. The gifts were to express the gratitude of the Greek youngsters for Christmas packages sent them last year by members of the American Junior Red Cross.

Course For Weed Inspectors

To Be Held Under the Auspices of the Saskatchewan Department of Agriculture

Rural and urban municipal councils are being invited to send their weed inspectors to Regina and Saskatoon to attend a ten-day course for weed inspectors under the auspices of the provincial department of agriculture. The Saskatchewan course will be given February 9 to 18, and the Regina course February 23 to March 5.

Subjects of study will include the Noxious Weeds Act; Identification of weeds and other common plants; methods of controlling annual, biennial and perennial weeds; cooperation between rural and urban municipalities and the railways and live stock and forage crops in relation to weed control. The inspectors who attended the courses last year are specially invited to attend the 7th and 8th day of this year's course.

British Columbia Potatoes

Exhibit of Tubers From Coast Province To Be Sent to London

For the purpose of advertising the quality of seed potatoes grown in British Columbia, and placing samples before the European buyers, an exhibit of tubers was selected from the numerous displays at the recent provincial "potato show." This display will be forwarded to the British Columbia House, London, England, and efforts will be made to draw attention of all interested in Europe to them with a view to developing international trade for provincial seed tubers.

Britihers To Investigate

Large Party of Manufacturers From Great Britain to Visit Alberta. Thirty British manufacturers, who will visit Canada next year, at the instance of the Canadian chamber of commerce in London, will be invited to make an extensive tour of Alberta with a view to getting first-hand knowledge concerning the province's resources and the opportunities it offers to agricultural settlers.

Horses Being Supplanted

The extent to which modern machinery continues to supplant the horse in United States farms is revealed in government figures made public, showing that the number of horses on farms now is only 16 per cent of what it was 60 years ago, a decrease of three and a half million head.

Twins Observed 93rd Christmas

The ninety-third Christmas they have celebrated together was observed by Mrs. Sophia Dowd and Sarah Mary Sophia, twins, at Fairfield, Conn. January 9 was their ninety-fourth birthday.

Must Abolish War Itself Or No Means On Earth Can Mitigate Its Horrors

Natural Resources Bore In

Farmers Should Endeavor to Store for This Winter For Next Summer's Use

The natural resources of the province of the department of the Interior at Ottawa says:— Canada has an opportunity at present to harvest a crop of comparatively trifling cost that will repay the owner many times over before the coming summer is past.

During a hot spell, when at work in the field or around the home, what is more welcome or more refreshing than a cool drink?

What are more enticing than the many table delicacies that can be harvested during the heated period and which are dependent upon an ice supply?

What is more necessary to the successful dairyman than a sufficient supply of ice for cooling purposes? If we would have these advantages during the coming summer, now is the time to act. There are few places in Canada where it is not easy to obtain all the ice one could wish to use for the purpose of storing and storing. Little co-operative effort by groups of farmers will make easy the harvesting of an ice supply, and each will be well repaid in pleasure, comfort and in reducing cost of living, the result of being able to keep fresh meats, milk, butter.

The ice supply, so freely provided by nature, is but another of Canada's wonderful natural resources, the development of which means much to those on the farms and in the swollen municipalities where a community ice supply is not available.

The equipment for securing ice in a small way is not expensive while at most any kind of a building will be required for storage purposes provided there is sufficient insulation of sawdust, ice shavings or similar material, and that drainage is ample to carry off the water from the melting ice.

Every farmer owes it to his family to provide them with an ice supply for the hot weather, and with the very low cost of such supply, not many should be without ice next summer.

Evokes New Variety of Flowers

Luther Burbank, the Plant Wizard, The World's Great Creator. With the completion of one of the busiest years in this half-century of work in the laboratory of nature, Luther Burbank has presented to the world as a New Year gift a beautiful group of new flowers and plants. The plant wizard announced that during the year just closed he had perfected seven major creations and improvements. Today he sent to all parts of the world thousands of seeds which will bear these creations.

After 26 years of experimentation, Mr. Burbank has created a new carnation, a striking blue flower. From his rainbow corn, Burbank has produced the rainbow corns, a marvelous plant that grows eight feet tall and bears from 8 to 12 ears to each stalk.

Third is a new staminate flowering plant, a truly giant plant developed from a more familiar flower.

Fox Farming In Norway

Becoming A Most Important Industry In Northern Europe

Silver fox farming has become a most important industry in some parts of Norway, according to Johannes Berge, journalist, of Bergen, Norway, who is visiting Canada to record his impressions of the Dominion. At the present time there are between 120 and 160 silver fox farms in the Søndre district of Norway, which is particularly suitable, being climatically and topographically very similar to Prince Edward Island. Last autumn about 120 silver foxes, estimated to be worth 1,000,000 kroner, were shipped from the island to Norway.

Something to Practice On

In a certain mid-western university higher grades are used, A, B, C, D and E, the latter standing for complete failure. A student recently appended the following letter note to his poorly written paper:

"Dear Professor: I know this is pretty bad; but I have been actually busy leading the campus sings and have had no time to study."

When the paper was returned it bore a short annotation. The professor had drawn a musical note and inscribed the words—E flat. Beneath it he had written, "Sing that!" Youth's Companion.

"At"—the beginning of matrimony and the end of freedom.

Population of Greater Vancouver

Greater Vancouver can now claim the position of third greatest city in the British Empire, according to the figures of the 1925 census. The population of Greater Vancouver was 210,000 in 1925, compared with 200,000 in 1921. The population of the city of Vancouver was 110,000 in 1925, compared with 100,000 in 1921. The population of the city of Victoria was 60,000 in 1925, compared with 50,000 in 1921. The population of the city of Montreal was 1,000,000 in 1925, compared with 900,000 in 1921. The population of the city of Toronto was 1,200,000 in 1925, compared with 1,100,000 in 1921. The population of the city of New York was 4,000,000 in 1925, compared with 3,500,000 in 1921. The population of the city of London was 4,500,000 in 1925, compared with 4,000,000 in 1921. The population of the city of Paris was 3,000,000 in 1925, compared with 2,500,000 in 1921. The population of the city of Berlin was 2,000,000 in 1925, compared with 1,500,000 in 1921. The population of the city of Moscow was 1,500,000 in 1925, compared with 1,000,000 in 1921. The population of the city of Peking was 1,000,000 in 1925, compared with 500,000 in 1921. The population of the city of Shanghai was 2,000,000 in 1925, compared with 1,500,000 in 1921. The population of the city of Hong Kong was 500,000 in 1925, compared with 400,000 in 1921. The population of the city of Yokohama was 1,000,000 in 1925, compared with 800,000 in 1921. The population of the city of Kobe was 500,000 in 1925, compared with 400,000 in 1921. The population of the city of Osaka was 2,000,000 in 1925, compared with 1,500,000 in 1921. The population of the city of Manila was 1,000,000 in 1925, compared with 800,000 in 1921. The population of the city of Cebu was 500,000 in 1925, compared with 400,000 in 1921. The population of the city of Iloilo was 300,000 in 1925, compared with 200,000 in 1921. The population of the city of Zamboanga was 200,000 in 1925, compared with 150,000 in 1921. The population of the city of Baguio was 100,000 in 1925, compared with 80,000 in 1921. The population of the city of Manila was 1,000,000 in 1925, compared with 800,000 in 1921. The population of the city of Cebu was 500,000 in 1925, compared with 400,000 in 1921. The population of the city of Iloilo was 300,000 in 1925, compared with 200,000 in 1921. The population of the city of Zamboanga was 200,000 in 1925, compared with 150,000 in 1921. The population of the city of Baguio was 100,000 in 1925, compared with 80,000 in 1921.

Wheat and Flour Exports

Bureau of Statistics Shows That Considerable Improvement In Exports Shown

Considerable improvement in Canada's wheat and flour exports is noted for the month of November last, according to a report of the bureau of statistics. During that period, exports of wheat amounted to 24,025,923 bushels, worth \$46,987,753, against 25,362,561 bushels last year, having a value of \$41,529,224. Flour exports were 1,210,241 barrels at \$7,695,136, against \$6,526 barrels at \$5,995,750 a year ago.

Western Homesteads

From January 1 to October 31, 3,144 homesteads and 437 "older grants" were taken up in Western Canada, representing approximately 572,960 acres, according to official figures. During the corresponding period of last year 3,825 homesteads and 448 "older grants" were taken up, aggregating 682,120 acres, or 9,160 acres more than for the ten months of the current year.

Population of Greater Vancouver

Greater Vancouver can now claim the position of third greatest city in the British Empire, according to the figures of the 1925 census. The population of Greater Vancouver was 210,000 in 1925, compared with 200,000 in 1921. The population of the city of Vancouver was 110,000 in 1925, compared with 100,000 in 1921. The population of the city of Victoria was 60,000 in 1925, compared with 50,000 in 1921. The population of the city of Montreal was 1,000,000 in 1925, compared with 900,000 in 1921. The population of the city of Toronto was 1,200,000 in 1925, compared with 1,100,000 in 1921. The population of the city of New York was 4,000,000 in 1925, compared with 3,500,000 in 1921. The population of the city of London was 4,500,000 in 1925, compared with 4,000,000 in 1921. The population of the city of Paris was 3,000,000 in 1925, compared with 2,500,000 in 1921. The population of the city of Berlin was 2,000,000 in 1925, compared with 1,500,000 in 1921. The population of the city of Moscow was 1,500,000 in 1925, compared with 1,000,000 in 1921. The population of the city of Peking was 1,000,000 in 1925, compared with 500,000 in 1921. The population of the city of Shanghai was 2,000,000 in 1925, compared with 1,500,000 in 1921. The population of the city of Hong Kong was 500,000 in 1925, compared with 400,000 in 1921. The population of the city of Yokohama was 1,000,000 in 1925, compared with 800,000 in 1921. The population of the city of Kobe was 500,000 in 1925, compared with 400,000 in 1921. The population of the city of Osaka was 2,000,000 in 1925, compared with 1,500,000 in 1921. The population of the city of Manila was 1,000,000 in 1925, compared with 800,000 in 1921. The population of the city of Cebu was 500,000 in 1925, compared with 400,000 in 1921. The population of the city of Iloilo was 300,000 in 1925, compared with 200,000 in 1921. The population of the city of Zamboanga was 200,000 in 1925, compared with 150,000 in 1921. The population of the city of Baguio was 100,000 in 1925, compared with 80,000 in 1921.

Twins Observed 93rd Christmas

The ninety-third Christmas they have celebrated together was observed by Mrs. Sophia Dowd and Sarah Mary Sophia, twins, at Fairfield, Conn. January 9 was their ninety-fourth birthday.

Horses Being Supplanted

The extent to which modern machinery continues to supplant the horse in United States farms is revealed in government figures made public, showing that the number of horses on farms now is only 16 per cent of what it was 60 years ago, a decrease of three and a half million head.

Evokes New Variety of Flowers

Luther Burbank, the Plant Wizard, The World's Great Creator. With the completion of one of the busiest years in this half-century of work in the laboratory of nature, Luther Burbank has presented to the world as a New Year gift a beautiful group of new flowers and plants. The plant wizard announced that during the year just closed he had perfected seven major creations and improvements. Today he sent to all parts of the world thousands of seeds which will bear these creations.

After 26 years of experimentation, Mr. Burbank has created a new carnation, a striking blue flower. From his rainbow corn, Burbank has produced the rainbow corns, a marvelous plant that grows eight feet tall and bears from 8 to 12 ears to each stalk.

Third is a new staminate flowering plant, a truly giant plant developed from a more familiar flower.

Fox Farming In Norway

Becoming A Most Important Industry In Northern Europe

Silver fox farming has become a most important industry in some parts of Norway, according to Johannes Berge, journalist, of Bergen, Norway, who is visiting Canada to record his impressions of the Dominion. At the present time there are between 120 and 160 silver fox farms in the Søndre district of Norway, which is particularly suitable, being climatically and topographically very similar to Prince Edward Island. Last autumn about 120 silver foxes, estimated to be worth 1,000,000 kroner, were shipped from the island to Norway.

Something to Practice On

In a certain mid-western university higher grades are used, A, B, C, D and E, the latter standing for complete failure. A student recently appended the following letter note to his poorly written paper:

"Dear Professor: I know this is pretty bad; but I have been actually busy leading the campus sings and have had no time to study."

When the paper was returned it bore a short annotation. The professor had drawn a musical note and inscribed the words—E flat. Beneath it he had written, "Sing that!" Youth's Companion.

"At"—the beginning of matrimony and the end of freedom.

HONORED FOR HELP IN DISASTER

Captain J. A. Halley, commander of the Canadian Pacific liner Empress of Australia, shows above, has been honored by the King of Spain in recognition of his humanitarian service following the Japanese earthquake 14 September, 1924. At the time of the disaster Captain Halley was in command of the Empress of Australia, which was the first of the Canadian Pacific line to reach the coast of Japan. The vessel was the means of carrying hundreds of survivors to Chinese ports.

Commander Halley has received a communication from the Secretary of Spain advising him that he is entitled to wear the Cross of the First-Class of the Civil Order of Isabella-Catholic, conferred by His Majesty King Alfonso of Spain.

A Bigger program of farm development

THIS is the time of year when many farmers contemplate greater farm development—purchasing more stock, more seed, increasing acreage, buying additional machinery.

To go through with such a progressive program, borrowing money to cover initial costs is usually necessary.

Securing a loan of this kind is a simple matter for farmers of sound character. All that is required is an interview with the local branch manager of the Bank of Toronto. He will be glad to listen to your problems, give advice, and lend every reasonable financial assistance in his power.

Consult the branch manager of the Bank of Toronto to-day.

THE BANK OF TORONTO

OYEN BRANCH, G. Heinrich, Manager

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The Curlers Corner

Skippit Dates

Drumheller Jan. 12, 13, 14
Craigmyle Jan. 11, 20
Calgary commences Jan. 20
Kindersley Feb. 2, 3, 4, 5
Youngstown Feb. 9, 10, 11
Oyen Feb. 16, 17, 18

Here and There

During the twelve months ended October 31st, 1925, Canada exported to 35 countries and colonies 32,503 cars valued at \$25,168,859 and trucks valued at \$5,016,000 and also auto parts worth \$5,573,876. Automobile exports during the corresponding period 1923-24 totalled 45,194 cars valued at \$23,109,331.

A total of 18,361 acres was planted to tobacco in Ontario in 1925, yielding 29,622,000 pounds according to figures issued by the Federal Government. In 1924, 12,372 acres were planted, yielding 12,155,000 pounds. In 1925 the average yield per acre was 1,130 pounds as compared with 914 pounds per acre last year.

Branch offices of Japanese flour mills are to be established in Winnipeg soon, it is understood, so as to be in a good position to buy wheat. Two representatives of the Misaka Flour Mills and Mitsui Grain Company, of Tokio, were in Winnipeg recently making arrangements for the purchase of 150,000 tons of wheat for the two firms.

Ernest Rolph, a Toronto architect, has claims to the discovery of the first fossilized remains of eggs of prehistoric reptiles. He found them in a deep cutting between Lethbridge and MacLeod in the shape of about 15 perfectly round stones. The eggs measure 2 1/2 inches in diameter and are now being investigated by Professor Parks of Toronto.

In order to create a better understanding of the game, an all-star team of English badminton champions arrived in Saint John, N.B., recently and made a tour right across the Dominion, exclusively on Canadian Pacific lines, playing exhibition games in the largest cities. Sir George Thomas, Bart., is captain of the team which will sail for home on December 20.

M. U. Bates, who operates a chain of camps in the Muskoka district of Ontario, reported to the tourist department of the Canadian Pacific Railway that the record for the 1925 season was fourteen moose, two deer and one bear, taken by ten parties of hunt hunters totaling 22 persons. Most of the visitors were satisfied as 75 percent of them made reservations for next year.

Conservative Convention

The conservative convention for the provincial riding of Acadia, is in session this afternoon at Oyen Theatre.

Flash—

Dr. J. P. Kerr, V.S. is nominated as conservative candidate for the Provincial riding of Acadia.

At the Elevators.

WHEAT	
1 Northern	1.31
1 Northern	1.28
1 Northern	1.23
OATS	
1 C.W.85
1 C.W.80
No. 1 Feed27

Farewell Party for Beth Pfeiffer

A surprise farewell party was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. T. A. Walker, last Monday evening, in honor of Miss Beth Pfeiffer, who is going to leave Oyen this week for Chicago, Ill. The evening was spent playing games, after which a dainty supper was served. At the close of the evening Mr. William Irvine on behalf of the young people of Oyen, presented Miss Pfeiffer with a handsome manicule set. About thirty-five guests were present.

Miss Pfeiffer's many friends join in wishing her every success.

Mr. John F. Neilson of Prince Albert, who arrived in Oyen last Thursday, is visiting his daughter, Mrs. John Naismith.

Mrs. Simon Oyen, left last Tuesday for Calgary, where she will spend the next two months.

The next Nursing Class will be held in United Church, Oyen on Thursday, January 21, at 2 p.m.

Mr. G. Heinrich of Youngstown, arrived in town last Saturday, to take charge of the local branch of the Bank of Toronto.

Somme Chapter, Eastern Star, installed their new officers for 1926, at a meeting of the lodge, held last night.

About Town and Country

Mr. and Mrs. C. Rich, left yesterday for Vancouver, en route to Bellingham, Wash., and Portland and Salem, Ore., where they will spend a holiday visiting relatives.

Elmer C. Hallman left last Saturday for Olds, Alta., to deliver a course of lectures on "Farm Management" at the Olds School of Agriculture. At the conclusion of his Olds engagement, Mr. Hallman will give a series of talks on "The Application of Horse Power to Farm Machinery", at the School of Technology and Art, at Calgary.

Mrs. Hinds of Youngstown, will be at the Alberta Hotel, Oyen, next Saturday, January 16, for Marcelling and Beauty Culture.

An enjoyable function was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. G. S. Peck, last Saturday, when about 50 guests were entertained at a dance from 8 p.m. till midnight, after which a dainty supper was served. Mr. L. Shuttleworth, officiated at the piano, and the evening was thoroughly enjoyed by all present.

A special train is being provided for the convenience of those who wish to attend the Locomotive Firemen's Ball at Hanna on Tuesday, January 19. The train leaves Oyen at 1.45 p.m.

Dr. J. P. Kerr, who has been suffering from pneumonia, is now up and expects to be about again this week.

Mrs. W. D. Guthrie, who left for Calgary last Sunday, returned to Oyen this morning.

LANFIRE LOCALS

The dance given last Wednesday was a decided success, and the number present indicated the high esteem in which Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Nichol are held. Some say it was the largest crowd ever seen in the hall.

The W. I. met at the home of Mrs. Bailey last Thursday, eleven members and one visitor being present. It was decided to make an autograph quilt and to put on a play on February 26 in aid of the hall fund.

The directors of the community hall held their 5th annual meeting last Friday evening, when officers were elected for the present year. Following the meeting, a radio dance was put on by Mr. Bailey, dancing being continued till 12.30 a.m. Lunch was served by the ladies.

Messrs McGuffin and Godfrey are arranging for a pancake social and dance to be held on January 20. Proceeds for the hall fund.

Lorne McQuarrie has returned to Calgary.

Their are rumours in the air that the hall directors contemplate putting on a drive to raise sufficient funds to pay off the balance owing on the hall by April 1. They will be grateful if you will lend a helping hand.

We are sorry to hear that Ethel Jacques is in Cerebral Hospital suffering with appendicitis, Dan Patterson with a broken leg, and Lorne Sutherland to have his tonsils removed.

Mrs. Alex Moore returned to Carstairs last Friday.

The Y.P.C. (Young People's Club) dances, held last Friday in the Masonic Building, proved a great success, and was much enjoyed by those present. This is the second function held under the auspices of this recent formed Club, and the popularity of their dances is unbounded.

Mrs. F. L. Aylesworth left last Sunday for Calgary, where she will spend the next six weeks, while Mr. Aylesworth is inspecting schools in that city.

Thomas Audibert, who was taken seriously ill last Friday, was rushed to Oyen Hospital, and underwent a serious operation. Latest reports are that he is making satisfactory progress.

Mrs. A. G. McDonald underwent an operation at Oyen Hospital last Saturday and is now reported to be doing favorably.

Rose England, who has been in Oyen Hospital for some time, was allowed to be taken home, but will be confined to her bed for some weeks.

Rita Ostrander, who has been confined to her bed with pneumonia for the past two weeks is now able to be up for awhile each day.

Classified Ads. Get Results

Dr. JAMIESON, CHIROPRACTOR
GRADUATE NATIONAL COLLEGE CHICAGO
Licentiate of Alberta
NO KNIFE—NO DRUGS
Consultation Free
Oyen, Wednesday and Thursday
Office opposite Church of England

Atwater-Kent Radio



Atwater-Kent Radio Receiving Sets are noted for their
Exquisite Workmanship
Simplicity of Design
Sturdiness of Construction
and
Ease of Operation
Demonstrations gladly given

JOHNSON'S GARAGE

Counter Check Books?

Yes! We have them!

The Oyen News

When Dreams Come True



Dumper crops and good prices have given western farmers an opportunity to visit scenes of boyhood days. Britishers who took up farm lands in the Canadian West are taking advantage of the good season to sail back home for a view of familiar but long hidden sights and faces. Every east-going train carries scores of happy men and women bound for the Old Country.

Here and there among the surging passengers getting ready to change from train to boat are the eager aspirants of the British Isles, one distinctive family group, being Mr. George Patterson, of Vancouver, with his four smiling Canadian-born children. Suspended aboard the first Canadian Pacific holiday special as the train passed through Winnipeg, Mrs. Patterson and she was paying a visit to her native land in Scotland at Road Meeting, Carlisle, Lanarkshire, for the first time since she came to Canada, twelve years ago.

The youngest member of the party, a little girl in a checked gown, wanted to know what it was all about. She confided in mother afterwards that she had photographs only they seemed to be altogether too "buzzy." This indicates a fine career as a working picture star.

most prosperous link in the British Empire.

Every prosperous farmer who returns to Great Britain is the best advertisement that the Dominion of Canada could possibly have. Every one of these is a booster, proving conclusively that men with the determination to work can and do win out in this country. Every westerner is directly or indirectly a disciple of the creed that "Happiness Must Be Earned."

Travelers who intended to reach the Old Country for Christmas came on the imperial special from the West in time to board the Canadian Pacific liners "Metagama" and "Melita" at Saint John, N.B. About two hundred and fifty passengers crossed in time to get the S.S. "Metama" on December 10, while three hundred and fifty Canadians arrived in Saint John for the S.S. "Metagama," sailing on December 11.

In these groups were passengers intended for various parts of the British Isles, one distinctive family group, being Mr. George Patterson, of Vancouver, with his four smiling Canadian-born children. Suspended aboard the first Canadian Pacific holiday special as the train passed through Winnipeg, Mrs. Patterson and she was paying a visit to her native land in Scotland at Road Meeting, Carlisle, Lanarkshire, for the first time since she came to Canada, twelve years ago.

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